GUYANA

BILL No. 16 of 2020

NARCOTIC DRUGS AND PSYCHOTROPIC SUBSTANCES (CONTROL) (AMENDMENT) BILL 2020

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

SECTION

- 1. Short title.
- 2. Amendment of section 4 of the Principal Act.
- 3. Amendment of section 5 of the Principal Act.
- 4. Amendment of section 12 of the Principal Act.

A BILL

Intituled

AN ACT to amend the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Control) Act.

A.D.2020 Enacted by the Parliament of Guyana: -

Short title. No. 2 of 1988 This Act, which amends the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances
Control Act, may be cited as the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances (Control)
(Amendment) Act 2020.

Amendment of section 4 of the Principal Act.

2. Section 4 of the Principal Act is amended as follows –

"Penalty for possession of narcotic.

- (a) Section 4(1)(a)(i), is amended by deleting the words "together with imprisonment for not less than three years nor more than five years;".
- (b) Section 4(1)(a)(ii), is amended by deleting the words "together with imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than ten years;".

Amendment of section 5 of the Principal Act.

"Penalty for trafficking in narcotic.

"Penalty for

certain other

connected with

narcotics.

acts

3. Section 5 (2)(e) of the Principal Act is amended by substituting for the words "fifteen grams of cannabis or cannabis resin" the words "five hundred grams of cannabis or cannabis resin.".

Amendment of section 12 of the Principal Act.

- 4. Section 12 of the Principal Act is amended as follows-
 - (a) in subsection (1)(a), by deleting the word "cannabis";
 - (b) in subsection (1)(b), deleting the word "cannabis";
 - (c) in subsection (1)(c)(i), by deleting the word "cannabis";
 - (d) in subsection (1)(d), by deleting the word "cannabis";

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

The Bill is based on the experience of several citizens particularly young citizens who have been

incarcerated for small quantities of cannabis or cannabis resin, who as a result of their

incarceration, have been economically and socially disadvantaged.

This experience has further revealed that many of the young persons who have been remanded and

incarcerated as a result of being charged with offences which involved relatively small quantities

of cannabis or cannabis resin, have been exposed to persons who have been accused of and have

been involved in much more serious violent offences. The social intercourse afforded by the

incarceration has resulted in regrettable contamination and education of many young persons in

criminal behavior and anti-social tendencies.

The current statutory provision which deems a person to be trafficking in cannabis if he / she has

in possession fifteen or more grams of Cannabis or cannabis resin has resulted in many persons

who had quantities in excess of fifteen grams on their possession for personal or medical use being

incarcerated for three years and more.

The proposed amendments will remove the mandatory imprisonment of persons who have been

accused of having in their possession relatively small amounts of cannabis and cannabis resin.

The amendment will also increase the quantity which will constitute trafficking in cannabis or

cannabis resin to five hundred grams.

Member of Parliament

Sherod Duncan

December 10, 2020.